



## Problem

Record the top 3 problems that your product or service would solve.

-  Break down your main problem into three more specific problems. Think about the needs of the people who will be using your product to ensure these problems are correct.


### Existing alternatives:

List any existing solutions to the problems mentioned above.

-  Think beyond your product category – an alternative could be something seemingly unrelated. For example, email is an alternative to Instagram for photo sharing.


## Customer segments

List the top 3 customer types that you want to target.

-  Remember that a product for everyone is a product for no one.


### Early adopters:

What are the characteristics of your ideal customers?

-  Focus on accommodating the needs of your early adopters before anyone else. Building up a base of users is critical to the success of any project.


## Revenue streams

List your sources of revenue and any price structures you may use.

-  Don't wait to think about your revenue until you have finalised your idea. You need to be able to articulate your revenue stream from the start of your project.


## Solution

Briefly describe how features of your solution could solve each of the problems listed in the problem box.

-  You don't have to define your full solution just yet. Instead focus on the capabilities or features that fix each problem.


## Unique value proposition

A single, clear, compelling and specific message that gains the interest of a potential customer.

-  Explore how others have written their UVPs to get a feel of what works and what doesn't.


### High-level concept:

Write your analogy.

-  This is a simple way of describing to your customers what your product does, so make sure your analogy uses something your customers will be familiar with.


## Unfair advantage

What can you do that others can't do and won't easily be able to do?

-  This is something that will become more apparent with time. If you don't have one yet, leave it blank for now and fill it in at a later date.


## Channels

List the channels through which you can communicate with your customers.

-  Research is key in choosing the most relevant medium to advertise your product.


## Success metrics

List the key numbers that will help you figure out if your business is progressing in the ways you want it to.

-  Don't get bogged down in figuring out the precise numbers, remember it is just a ballpark for now and can always be updated.

## Cost structure

List all of your outgoing costs.

-  When listing your outgoing costs remember to consider things such as distribution, premises and customer costs.

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